HUGHER TECHNICAL INSTITUTE MECHANICAL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

DIPLOMA PROJECT

DESIGN OF A FROST PROTECTION SYSTEM FOR PLANTATIONS

> M/815 EVANGELOU SOTIRIS JUNE 1998

# DESIGN OF A FROST PROTECTION SYSTEM FOR PLANTATIONS

by

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**Project Report** 

Submitted to

the Department of Mechanical Engineering

of the Higher Technical Institute

Nicosia Cyprus

in partial fulfillment of the requirements

for the diploma of

# **TECHNICIAN ENGINEER**

in

# **MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

June 1998



# DESIGN OF A FROST PROTECTION SYSTEM FOR PLANTATIONS

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In part satisfaction of the award of Diploma of Tachnician Engineer in Mechanical Engineering of the Higher Technical Institute, Cyprus.

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**Project Number :** 

M / 815

Academic Year :

1997 ~ 1998



## **CONTENTS**

INTRODUCTION	TRODUCTION	
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CHAPTER	<i>1 : FROSTS</i>
1.1	Categories of frosts4
1.2	The damages caused by frost, depent on6
1.3	Frequency of frosts in the Kokkinochoria area6
1.4 1.4.1 1.4.2	Air and Ground frosts
1.5	Average freezing points for plants

### 

2.1	Extent of damage to potatoe plantations by frosts25
2.2	Meteorological conclusions

3.1 3.1.1	Wind machines and environment Redistribution	35
3.1.2 3.1.3	Methods of heat transfer Critical factors in heating	.36
3.2 3.3	The basics of orchard frost protection Plantation protection from frost	.40 .42

	3.4	Frost protection with Amarillo, Orchard Rite & A.I.D.
(Poly	guard H	I.P.300)
	3.4.1	Wind machines a way to fight back
	3.4.2	The main parts of the wind machines
	3.4.2.1	Power packages and gear ratio information
	3.4.3	Operating the machine
	3.4.3.1	When to start and stop the wind machines
		*
	3.5	AUTO_START
	3.5.1	Functions of AUTO_START64
	3.5.2	Advantages of AUTO_START
		<b>č</b> –
	3.6	Windmeters
	3.6.1	Advantages of the windmeters
	3.7	Operation of the fan
		r

4.1	Year : 1992 ~ 1993	69
4.1.1	Xylphagou village	
4.1.2	Liopetri village	
4.1.3	Sotira village	
	0	
4.2	Year : 1993 ~ 1994	74
4.2.1	Xylophagou village	
4.2.2	Liopetri village	
4.2.3	Sotira village	80
4.3	Year : 1994 ~ 1995	
4.3.1	Xylophagou village	
4.3.2	Liopetri village	85
4.3.3	Sotira village	

	4.4	Year : 1995 ~ 1996	
	4.4.1	Xylophagou village	
	4.4.2	Liopetri village	
	4.4.3	Sotira village	
	4.5	Effects on production	
	4.5.1	Potatoe production in the period of 1992 ~ 199396	
	4.5.2	Potatoe production in the period of 1993 ~ 199497	
	4.5.3	Potatoe production in the period of 1994 ~ 199598	
mach	4.6 1110es	Conclusions from results analysis from the use of win 101	d

#### 

5.1	Other existing methods of protection	103
5.2	Suggestions of improvement	108
5.3	General warnings for all wind machines	109

## CHAPTER 6: PROPOSED METHOD OF PROTECTION ....112

6.1	Equipment used for the proposed method	113
6.2	Pipe sizing	
6.3	Operation of the system	121
6.4	Calculations	121
6.5	Cost estimation	126
	and the	
	1	

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

I would like to express my thanks and appreciation to my supervisor Mr. Lazaros Lazari for his help and successfull guidance given to me throughout this project.

I am also grateful to Mr. Charis Aloneftis for being my external assessor, and for his personal help and guidance given to me.

Special thanks to Mr. Nicolas P. Philippou of NORICUM Trade & Investments., and Mr. Antonis Iacovou of Agricultural Insurance Organisation., for their help and cooperation in collecting the required information.

- Martin

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## **INTRODUCTION**

Agriculture is one of the most sensitive sections of our economic activities which is affected to a great extent by various natural dangers. The reduction of the agricultural production under severe weather conditions, is a common phenomenon in Cyprus. The producer is not in a position to react effectively for protecting his crops.

As a result, there are some regions (with small frequencies of destroys) which are seriously affected by a certain natural danger almost every year. Other regions are not affected at all from the danger although these two may not be far from each other.

One of the most common dangers which affect the agricultural production, especially early crops (e.g. potatoes), is frost. It can be mentioned that during the period between 1980 and 1990, the potatoe plants were affected seriously by frost 7 out of 11 years.

Frost appears when the air temperature falls below  $0^{\circ}$ C. In order to eliminate that danger, various methods of protection are used. Each of these have as a goal to raise the temperature in the area of the plants to a few degrees above the critical temperature of  $-1^{\circ}$ C to  $-2^{\circ}$ C.

One of the methods which has been used in recent years, in different countries, is the wind machine which gave quite satisfactory results, especially in tree plantations and grapes.

During the last  $10 \sim 11$  years, this method has been in practise in Italy in the farming of low plants such as potatoes and various vegetables. Wind machines are used exclusively for overcoming frost due to radiation which is the most common case in Cyprus.

Some statistical data which has been observed in Cyprus, is given in this project in various Tables and includes the following:

• frequency of air and ground frosts in the area of Kokkinochoria in the period of 1980 ~ 1990,

- minimum temperatures,
- ♦ wind velocity,
- critical temperatures of the plants.

Metereology helps in addressing the problem of frost in the following manners :

- Metereology studies the climatic conditions of an area and helps to estimate how often and when frost may occur.
- It evaluates the microclimate within the plantations.
- It studies the natural processes which take place during frost.
- It analyses information for the methods of protection from frost.

Among the aims of this project are to give a detailed description of wind machines, evaluate their advantages and disadvantages, analyse the losses which have occured in potatoe plantations during the last years, acknowledge the various possible problems that may arise with the use of wind machines, describe other methods of protecting plantations from frost and finally to submit suggestions and conclusions.