# PREPARATION OF BILL OF QUANTITIES USING COMPUTER METHODS

BY

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# THE BILL OF QUANTITIES

### **INTRODUCTION**

#### DEFINITION

Bill of quantities is the means where by the majority of building work is described and measured.

It sets out the various items of work in a recognised manner and in a logical sequence.

# TYPES OF BILLS OF QUANTITIES

There are two main types of Bills of Quantities:

- 1.1. Trade bills.
- 1.2. Elemental bills.

## 1.1. TRADE BILLS

Trade bills are divides in sections in accordance with the various trades as listed in the Standard Methods of Measurement (SMM).

A typical division of a "trade" bill for quantities would be:

- 1. Preliminaries
- 2. Excavation and earthwork
- 3. Concrete Work
- 4. Brickwork and blockwork
- 5. Roofing
- 6. Woodwork
- 7. Plumbing installations
- 8. Floor, wall and ceiling finishing
- 9. Glazing
- 10. Painting and decorating
- 11. Drainage
- 12. Prime cost and provisional sums.

Advantage: The pricing of the Bills of Quantities at tendering stage can be done very easily.

### 1.2 ELEMENTAL BILLS

Elemental bills are divided in sections in accordance with the various main elements of the building e.g.:

Internal Walls External Walls Floors etc.

Disadvantage: Pricing of the Bills at tendering stage is complicated as the same item of work may appear in different sections of the Bills (e.g. plastering to walls will appear in the section of the internal walls as well as in the section of the external walls). Thus there is unnecessary repetition of the same prices in different sections of the Bills, whilst the full extent of each item of work, which affects the prices considerably, can only be known by adding up the quantities for this item that appear in different sections of the Bills.

Advantage: The location of most items will be apparent by their position of the Bills of Quantities. This facilitates the administration of the contract on site (e.g. ordering materials, deciding the required number of operatives on site, preparing interim valuations etc.).

Trade bills are generally more widely used than elemental bills.

# Contents

	¢.	Page
1.	The Bill of Quantities theory	1 - 13
2.	Taking off measurements	14 - 61
3.	Abstracting using Computer	62 - 82
4.	Billing using computer	83 - 95
5.	Abstracting manually	96 - 99
6.	Billing manually	100 - 107
7.	Conclusions	108
8.	Drawings	